## Outlineoffungi.org - Note 861 Paraxerochrysium

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## Paraxerochrysium Crous & Decock

Paraxerochrysium was introduced by Crous et al. (2021) with the type species P. coryli within Aspergillaceae, based on morphological characteristics and phylogenetic analysis of LSU sequence data. Paraxerochrysium coryli has been reported as a saprobe on dry nuts of Corylus avellana in Belgium. The genus is characterized by hyaline, septate, smooth-walled, branched hyphae; and spherical, guttulate, smooth-walled chlamydoconidia. Paraxerochrysium shares similar morphological characteristics with Xerochrysium by having solitary or short chains of chlamydoconidia, However, Paraxerochrysium differs from Xerochrysium in lack of aleuroconidium. Both Paraxerochrysium and Xerochrysium are known only for their asexual morphs (Crous et al. 2021). The taxonomic placement of Paraxerochrysium is in Aspergillaceae, Eurotiales, Eurotiomycetes, Pezizomycotina, and Ascomycota.

## Reference

Crous PW, Osieck ER, Jurjevi Ž, Boers J et al. 2021– Fungal planet description sheets: 1284–1382. Persoonia 47, 178–374. https://doi.org/10.3767/persoonia.2021.47.06

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